Statement

S.No.	Item of Work	Amount (Rs. in Crores)	
		Phase-I	Phase-II
A.	Water Supply	68.00	44.00
B.	Sewerage & Sanitation	347.00	201.00
C.	Solid Waste Management & Night Soil Service	63.38	61.28
D.	Bustee Improvement	47.63	..
E.	Development of Colonies and Adjoining Areas.	14.00	..
F.	Improvement of Road and Development of Traffic Facilities.	156.00	650.00
G.	Parks, Squares and Environmental Improvement.	40.50	109.50
H.	Health, Education & Social Benefits.	..	..
I.	Preservation of Historical and Architectural Value Buildings.	12.40	..
J.	Harijan Labour Quarters.	12.00	..
		760.91	1065.78

GRAND TOTAL: 760.91+1065.78 Rs. 1826.69

Say-Rs. 1827 Crores.

K. Fund for Development of Group Housing for Economically Weaker Section . . . . . Rs. 100.00 Crores. (lump sum)

D.D.A. Flats in Ulshad Garden on hire-purchase system

*271. SHRi M. K/.DHARSHA; DR. C. SILVERA:

Will the Minister , ,f URBAN DEVELOPMENT be plea;ed to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Supreme Court had recently directed the D.D.A. to allot JIG flats on Hire-purchase basis, to t le applicants who were registered with D.D.A. and had opted for hire-purchass; and

(b) if so, by whap the revised demand letters on P ire-purchase basis are likely to be issu ?d to the allottees of 'C Block in Dils'iad Garden?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI); (a) It is not the Supreme Court but the High Court of Delhi which has directed in its judgement dated 10 7-1987 that the D.D.A. should adhere to the terms and conditions incorporated in the brochures originally issued for registration of applications under the respective schemes which inter alia, had a component of allotment of MIG flats on hire purchase basis.

(b) Out of 298 allottees of M.I.G. fiats under the New Pattern (HUDCO) Scheme, 1979 and two allottees of M.I.G. flats under the Retired Pearsons Schemes, 1982, 166 allottees under tto

former scheme have already taken possession of the flats by making cash down payment. DDA is taking further action for issuing revised demand letters in respect of the remaining allottees as per the ratio for cash down and hire-purchase hasis as laid down in the brochures of the respective scheme.

Death due to pesticides-poisoning in the country

*272. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH
HANSPAL: SHRI D. B.
C.HANDRE GOWDA:

Will the (Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item captioned "Pesticides take toll of 1000 each year", as reported in the Hindustan Times, dated 29th July, 1987; and

(b) if so, whether Government propose to take any steps to avoid deaths due to Pesticide-poisoning and if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI G. S. DHILLON): (a) The Government have come across the news item captioned "Pesticides take toll of 10,000 each year" that. appeared in the Hindustan Times dated the 29th July, 1987.

(b) Government is aware of the fact that the pesticides are toxic in nature and can cause death and other associated hazards due to pesticide poison ing. if not handled properly. It is, therefore, the policy and the endeavour of the Government, to register only those pesticides whose efficacy and safety are proved. Being toxic in nature, pesticides have to be used judiciously in accordance with the prescribed detailed instructions and after observing well laid down safety precautions. In this strategy training of the State Government functionaries and farmers in the safe and proper handling of the pesticides has been given due emphasis.

To regulate the import, manufacture and use of insecticides an Act, known as Insecticides Act, was promulgated in 1968. Under the Insecticides Rules, 1971, framed under the said Act, detailed Guidelines have been laid down regarding the information/instructions to be printed on the labels and leaflets accompanying the container of a pesticide. These include precautions for its use, safety measures to be taken, symptoms of poisoning, first-aid measures, treatment, etc. in three languages i.e. English, Hindi and one of the regional languages. The training regarding safe handling of pesticides is imparted to the farmers by the Extension functionaries of the Government Departments as well as the pesticide manufacturers/ distributors from time to time. The Central Plan Protection Training Institute at Hyderabad gives due emphasis on safe handling of pesticides in its various courses of training to the State functionaries, who in turn, give training to the farmers. The Central Plant Protection Stations and Central Surveillance Stations under the Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine and Storage also adopt some villages where they hold practical demonstrations as well as impart training on safe handling of pesticides. State Governments also organise 'Krishi Melas' and 'Shivirs' where this particular aspect is given due emphasis.

The Registration Committee while granting any registration to a pesticide gives due emphasis regarding its safe formulation considering the mode of use and type of use.

Under section 26 of the Insecticide? Act, the State Government have sped fled by TNTotiflcation in the official Gazette, a person or class of persons for reporting all occurrence of poisoning (through the use of handling of